

TEDTALKS

Inspiring Communication

WORLD ENGLISH²

THIRD EDITION

- محیط زیست و فناوری
- ارتباطات و رسانه‌ها
- سفر و فرهنگ جهانی
- مشاغل، سلامت، آموزش
- روابط اجتماعی، سبک زندگی، حقوق بشر
- شهرها، طبیعت، خلاقیت و نوآوری

What happened If in the summer snow in Bandar Abbas?



Do you think it will be hazardous for our climate?

What's the different between climate and weather?

Do you consider, it will extinguish
wild animals?

Climate change

Answer part B with blue vocabulary

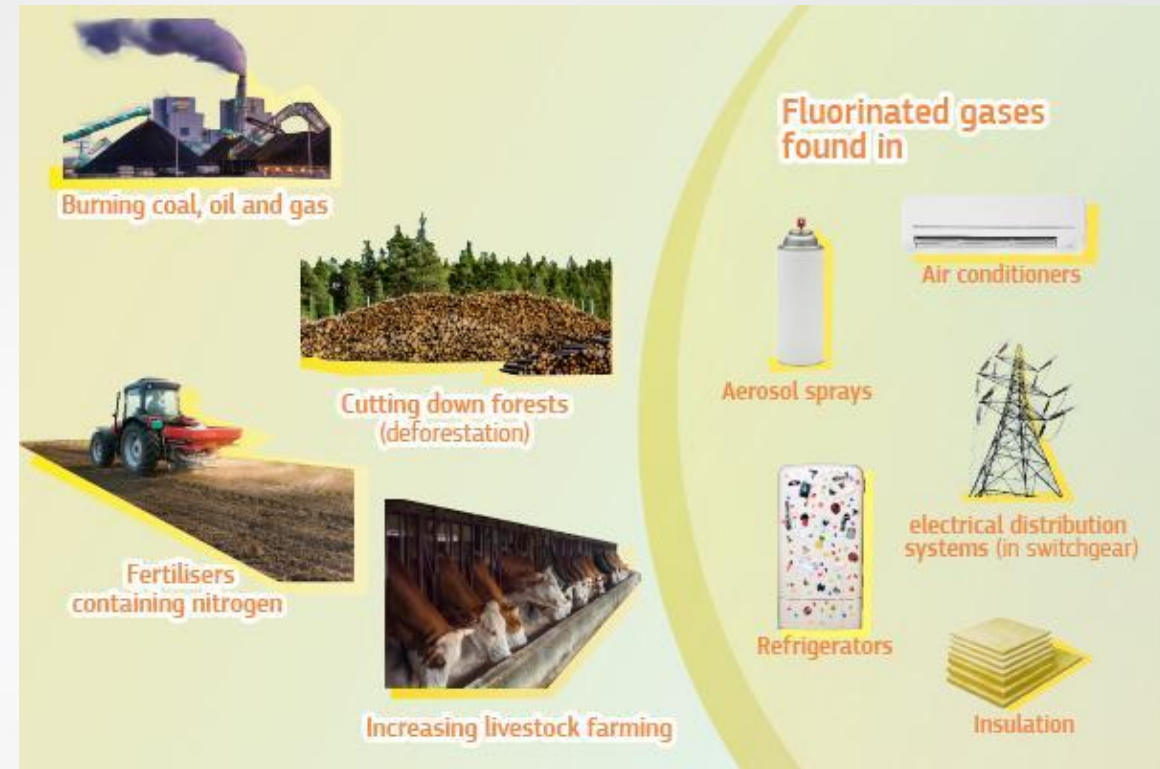
Make a new sentences



what cause climate change?

we should use less Fluorinated gases.
If we Cut down forests, Fluorinated gases
will increase in the atmosphere.

*Make more
Example*

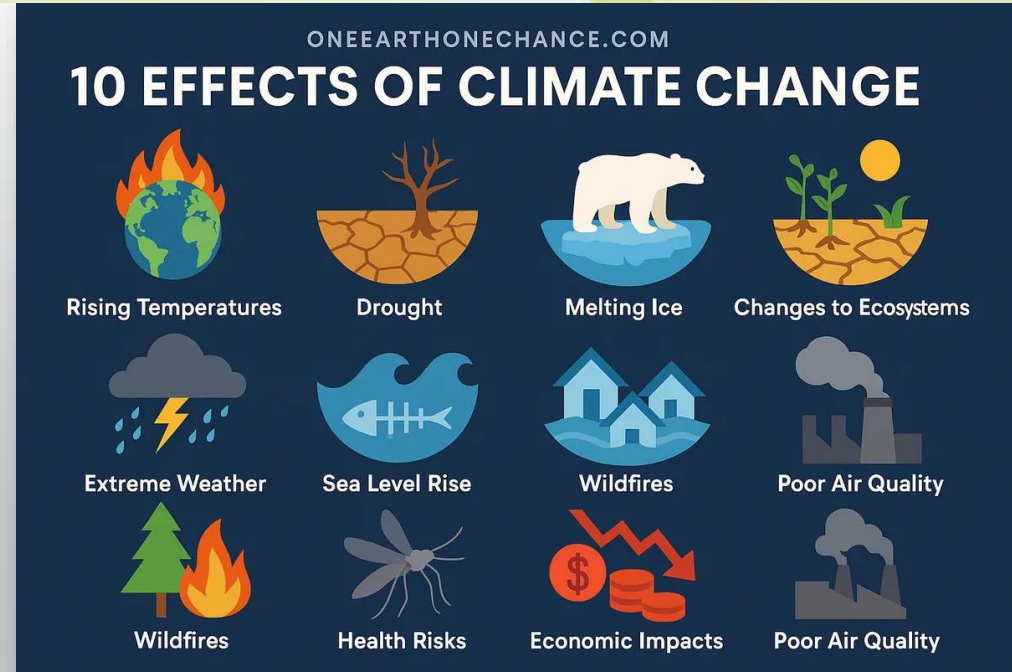


Real conditionals in the FUTURE
If we increase livestock farming, Fluorinated gases **will raise**.

condition

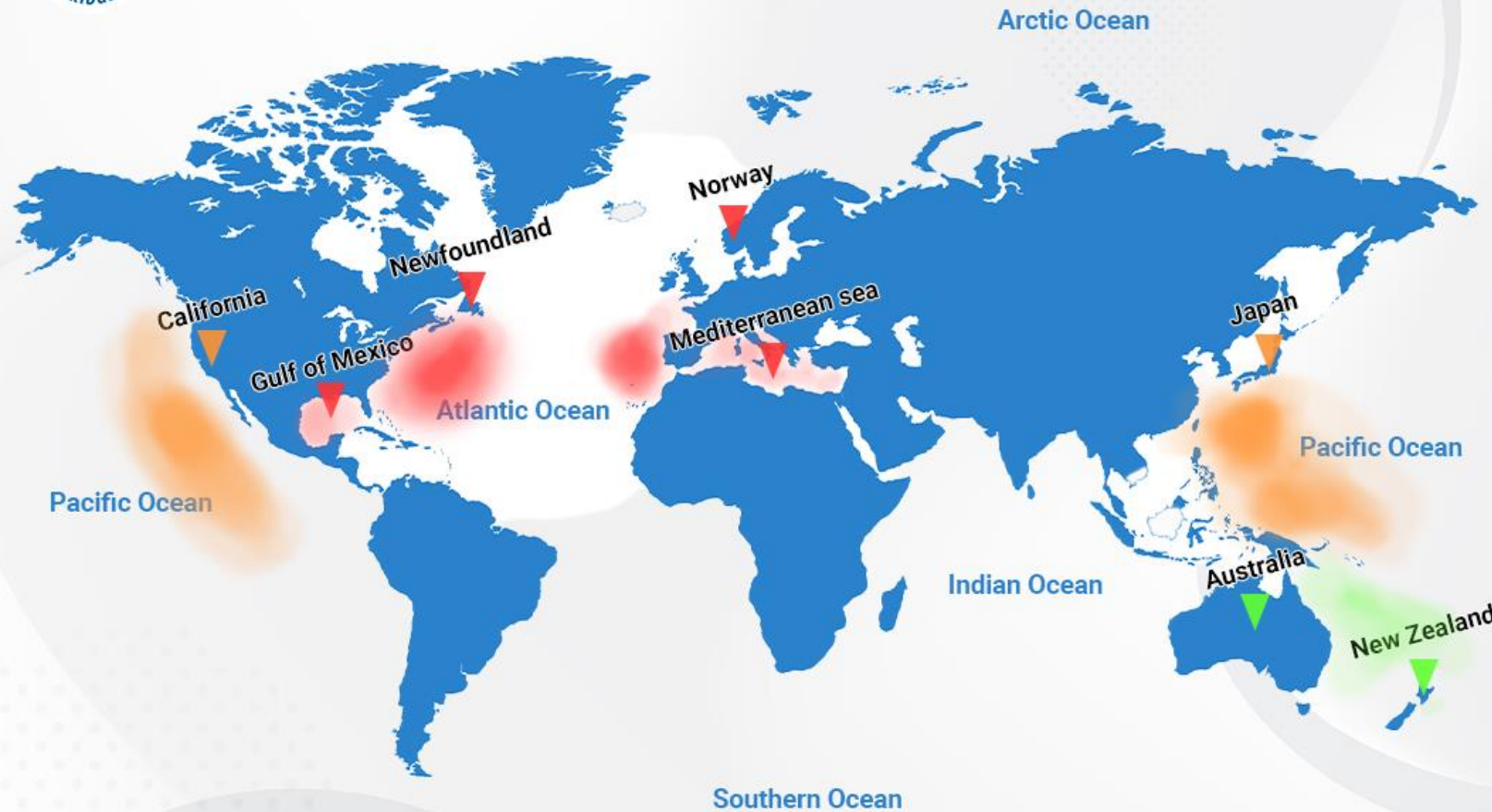
consequence

Sea level water will raise if the Ecosystem changes and climate changes.



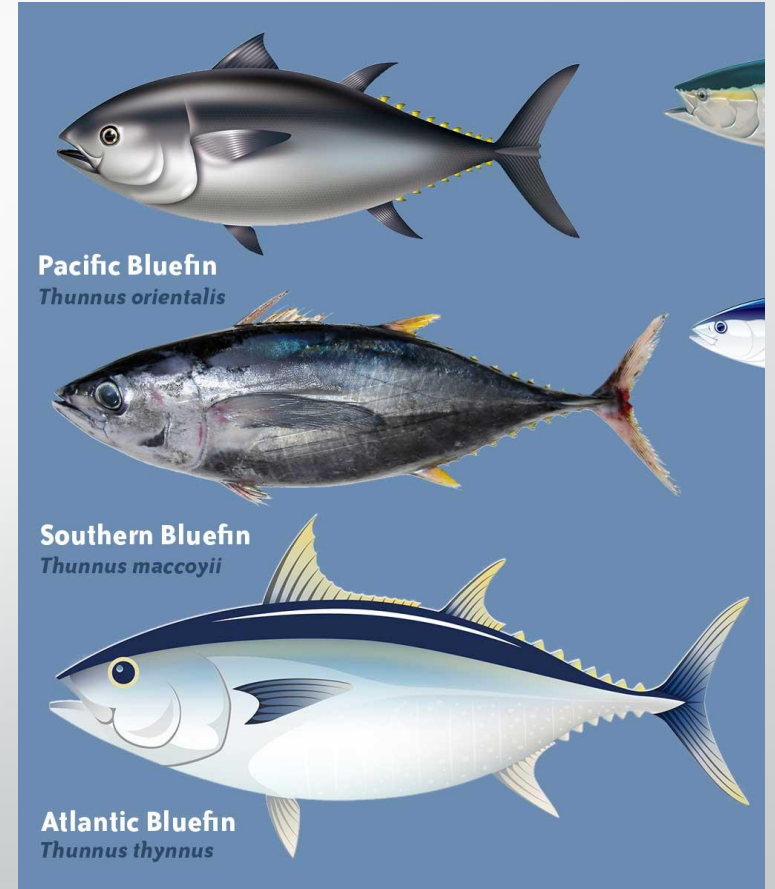
Bluefin Tuna habitat

Bluefin Tuna Habitat



▼ Pacific Bluefin Tuna (Thunnus Orientalis) ▼ Atlantic Bluefin Tuna (Thunnus Thynnus) ▼ Southern Bluefin Tuna (Thunnus Maccoyii)

www.bigfridgeboy.com



The Bluefin tuna is one of the most amazing fish in the world. It's a different species from the tuna that you buy at the store in cans. A Bluefin tuna can grow to be 12 feet long, and it can weigh more than 1,500 pounds. It's a beautiful fish, too, silver-colored with marks of yellow and blue. With its strong body, it can swim more than 25 miles an hour, and it can live for up to 30 years.

Unfortunately, the Bluefin tuna is also delicious because it has a lot of fat in its body. In Japan, people use it to make sushi, and in Europe, people love to cook big pieces for tuna steaks. Every year, fishing boats catch more and more of these fish, and now they are in danger of disappearing. If the boats catch too many big Bluefin, there won't be any young fish in the future.

In the past, Bluefin tuna lived in the Pacific Ocean and Indian Ocean. But in the 1990s, almost all of these fish were caught. Only 10 percent of the original population of Bluefin was left. So, the biggest fishing boats moved to the Mediterranean Sea, and now they catch up to 60,000 tons of Bluefin tuna there every year.

There are international rules for fishing, but these boats don't follow the rules. They catch too many fish, and they harm the environment. If the big boats destroy the fishing in the Mediterranean, many poor people will lose their work. Some scientists say that we should stop catching Bluefin tuna for several years so that the population of tuna can grow again. If this amazing fish disappears, the seas will lose a great treasure.

Solve future problem

Plan A:
Don't eat fish

Plan B:
Safe fish symbol

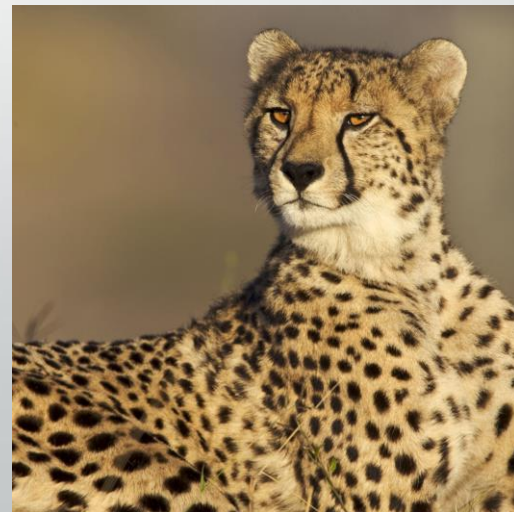
Plan C:
Strict law about

Moholoholo wildlife rehabilitation center

What do they do in rescue center



VENOM VS. POISON	
VENOMOUS	POISONOUS
	
if it bites you, you get sick	if you bite it, you get sick



How do they work?

*They works **hard** to protect.*

We use adverbs of manner to say how an action done.

Regular adv: adj+ly

Irregular adv: good → wel

- Sometimes the animals are **badly** injured.
- The center looks after the animals **carefully**.
- Some animals recover **quickly** and they can be released into the wild again **rapidly**, but a few animals have to stay **permanently**.



An adverb of manner cannot be put between a verb and its direct object.

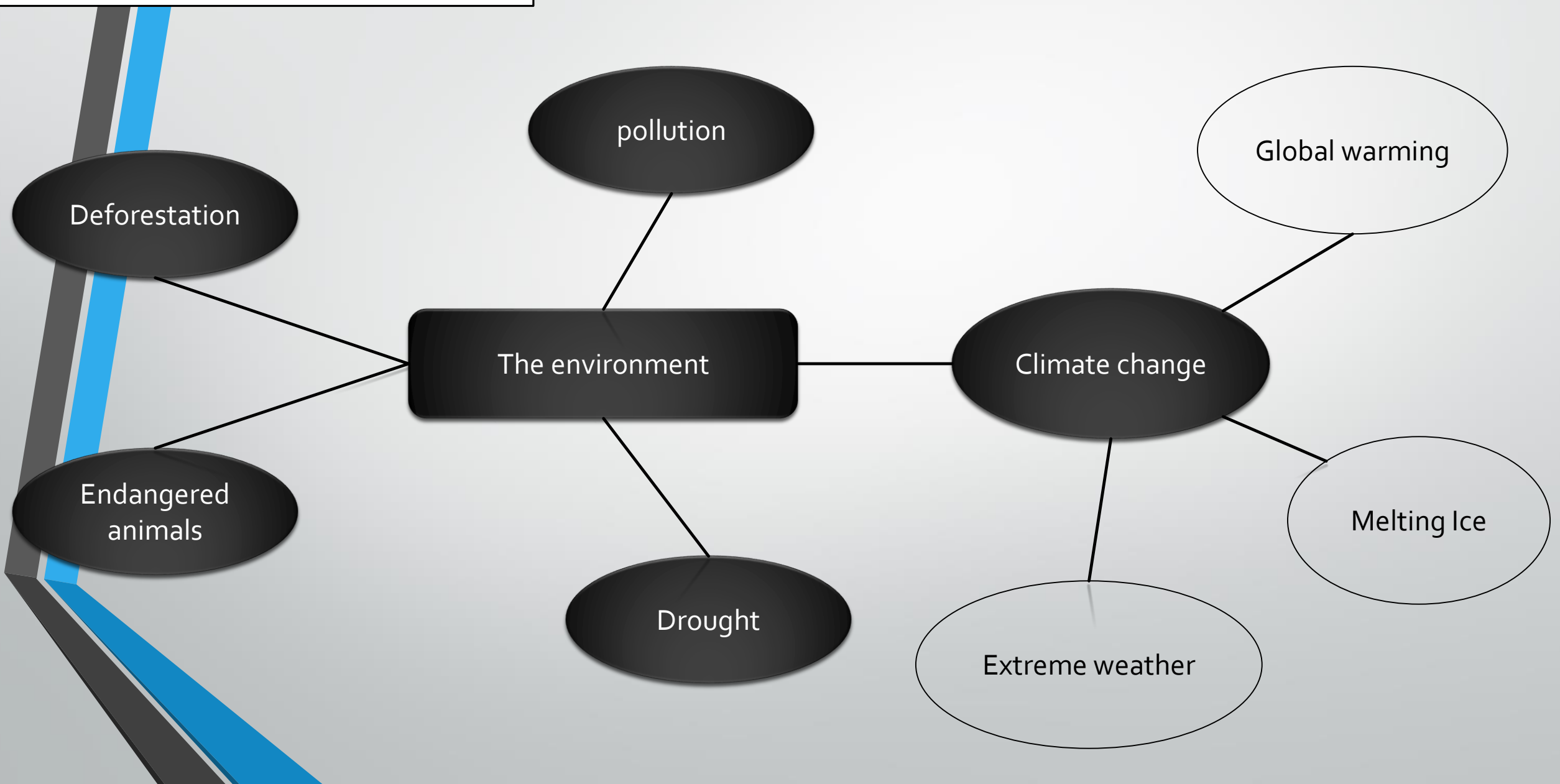
✗ *The center looks **carefully** after the animals.*

The adverb must be placed either before the verb or at the end of the clause.

• *The center looks after the animals **carefully**.*

• *they can be released into the wild again **rapidly***

Conservation Issue



The environment

What will happen if we don't protect nature?
how can we solve these problems?

1. Deforestation

- Cutting down trees
- Loss of forests
- Animals lose their homes
- Causes*: farming, building, logging
- Solution*: plant more trees

2. Endangered Animals

- Animals in danger of extinction
- Causes*: hunting, pollution, habitat loss
- Examples*: pandas, tigers, sea turtles
- Solution*: wildlife protection laws



3. Pollution

- Air pollution (cars, factories)
- Water pollution (plastic, chemicals)
- Land pollution (trash)
- Solution*: recycle and reduce waste

4. Climate Change

- Global warming
- Melting ice
- Extreme weather
- Cause*: greenhouse gases
- Solution*: use renewable energy

5. Drought

- Water shortage
- Dirty drinking water
- Overuse of water
- Solution*: save water and protect rivers